POSSIBILITIES OF ROAD CARRIAGE OF FIREWORKS IN SLOVAK REPUBLIC

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Summary: This manuscript discusses the possibilities of road carriage of pyrotechnic articles and fireworks, which are labeled as dangerous goods, which means that they are covered by the European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). In the manuscript fireworks are identified in the first chapter, while the second chapter describes the conditions for the consignor before the transport. The third part of the article points out the possibilities of influencing such transport.

Key words: fireworks, pyrotechnics, explosives, carriage.

INTRODUCTION

By pyrotechnic articles or fireworks, is possible to imagine all products that are made for technical pyrotechnic purposes or scenic and fun use. As these products contain an explosive content, they are classified as dangerous goods by UN Orange Book, a product that due to its properties, can cause damage to health, property, carriage equipment, infrastructure or death. Scenic and amusement fireworks are seasonal goods, their carriage is growing mainly before Christmas or other major events of holidays, which does not apply to pyrotechnic articles for technical purposes. In particular, this manuscript deals with the carriage of amusement and scenic pyrotechnics and fireworks. Mainly the road carriage of fireworks is used in Slovak Republic.

1. IDENTIFICATION OF FIREWORKS

1.1 Fireworks according to UN Orange Book

According to UN Recommendation on the Transport of Dangerous Goods (UN Orange Book), fireworks should be classified in hazard classes 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 and 1.4 based on the results of Test Series 6 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria. Since the range of fireworks products is very wide and the availability of test facilities may be limited, classification in the relevant hazard classes may also be carried out on the basis of analogy in accordance with the procedure described in paragraphs 2.1.3.5.2 and 2.1.3.5.5. of the UN Orange Book. Assignment of fireworks to UN Nos. 0333, 0334, 0335, 0336 may be made on the basis of analogy, without the need for Test Series 6 testing in accordance with the default fireworks classification table

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in 2.2.1.1.7.5 ADR. Such assignment shall be made with the agreement of the competent authority. Items not specified in the table shall be classified on the basis of test data derived from Test Series 6. (1)

Fireworks according to European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)

Since the European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) is based on the UN Orange Book, identification and requirements for the transport of fireworks do not differ According to ADR we recognize FIREWORKS: UN0333, UN0334, UN0335, UN0336, UN0337 - Pyrotechnic articles designed for entertainment. For technical purposes – PYROTECHNICAL ARTICLES for technical purposes, UN0428, UN0429, UN0430, UN0431, UN0432 and more; they also differ in their hazard class. In addition, with fireworks, we can also consider UN0454 - LIGHTERS, UN0455 DETONATORS NON-ELECTRICAL for blasting, UN0456 DETONATORS ELECTRICAL for blasting and more. This manuscript is primarily dedicated to UN0333, UN0334, UN0335, UN0336, UN0337 and UN0454.

Tab. 1 – Fireworks according to ADR

| UN No. | Name and description 3.1.2 | Class 2.2 | Classifi- cation | Packing group | Labels 5.2.2 | Special provi- | Limited and excepted | | Packaging | | | Portable tanks and bulk containers | |
|--------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | code 2.2 | 2.1.1.3 | | sions 3.3 | | 3.5.1.2 | Packing instruc- tions 4.1.4 | Special packing provisions 4.1.4 | Mixed packing provisions 4.1.10 | Instruc- tions 4.2.5.2 7.3.2 | Special provisions 4.2.5.3 |
| (1) | (2) | (3a) | (3b) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7a) | (7b) | (8) | (9a) | (9b) | (10) | (11) |
| 0333 | FIREWORKS | 1 | 1.1G | | 1 | 645 | 0 | E0 | P135 | | MP23 MP24 | | |
| 0334 | FIREWORKS | 1 | 1.2G | | 1 | 645 | 0 | E0 | P135 | | MP23 MP24 | | |
| 0335 | FIREWORKS | 1 | 1.3G | | 1 | 645 | 0 | E0 | P135 | | MP23 MP24 | | |
| 0336 | FIREWORKS | 1 | 1.4G | | 1.4 | 645 651 | 0 | E0 | P135 | | MP23 MP24 | | |
| 0337 | FIREWORKS | 1 | 1.4S | | 1.4 | 645 | 0 | E0 | P135 | | MP23 MP24 | | |
| 0454 | IGNITERS | 1 | 1.4S | | 1.4 | | 0 | E0 | P142 | | MP23 | | |

| ADR tank | | Vehicle for tank | Transport category | Spe | cial provi | sions for car | Hazard identifi- | UN No. | Name and description | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|---------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Tank code 4.3 | Special provisions 4.3.5, 6.8.4 | carriage 9.1.1.2 | (Tunnel restriction code) 1.1.3.6 (8.6) | Packages 7.2.4 | Bulk 7.3.3 | Loading, unloading and handling 7.5.11 | Operation 8.5 | cation No. 5.3.2.3 | | 3.1.2 |
| (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (1) | (2) |
| | | | 1 (B1000C) | V2 V3 | | CV1 CV2 CV3 | S1 | | | FIREWORKS |
| | | | 1 (B1000C) | V2 V3 | | CV1 CV2 CV3 | S1 | | 0334 | FIREWORKS |
| | | | 1 (C5000D) | V2 V3 | | CV1 CV2 CV3 | S1 | | 0335 | FIREWORKS |
| | | | 2 (E) | V2 | | CV1 CV2 CV3 | S1 | | 0336 | FIREWORKS |
| | | | 4 (E) | | | CV1 CV2 CV3 | S1 | | 0337 | FIREWORKS |
| | | | 4 (E) | | | CV1 CV2 CV3 | S1 | | 0454 | IGNITERS |

Source: (2)

The divisions 1.1 to 1.6 of Class 1 Explosives are defined in 2.2.1.1.5 of ADR. The compatibility groups of substances and articles are described in 2.2.1.1.6 of ADR.

1.3 Fireworks according to Regulation of the government of the Slovak Republic No. 70/2015 Coll. about the availability of pyrotechnic articles on the market

Regulation of the Government of the Slovak Republic No. 70/2015 Coll. about the availability of pyrotechnic articles on the market adjusts the technical requirements for the pyrotechnic article, the conformity assessment procedure for pyrotechnic articles, the rights and obligations of the manufacturer, importer and distributor. It also describes the authorization and notification of the conformity assessment body, the rights and obligations of the notified body and the age limits for making products available on the market.

§4 categorizes pyrotechnic articles to:

- a) Amusement fireworks:
 - 1. Category F1
 - 2. Category F2
 - 3. Category F3
 - 4. Category F4
- b) Scenic fireworks:
 - 1. Category T1
 - 2. Category T2
- c) Other pyrotechnic articles:
 - 1. Category P1
 - 2. Category P2

These categories differ in their hazard levels, noise levels, use restrictions and define the persons and their age that the products can use. (3)

2. PROCEDURES FOR SENDING THE FIREWORKS

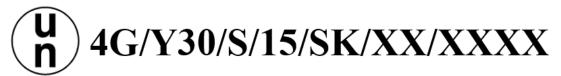
2.1 Documents and packaging

Every firework manufactured and imported shall have its EC certificate in accordance with Directive 2007/23/EC, where its name, registration number, and classification (e.g. F2, rocket) is clearly defined. This certificate entitles the manufacturer or importer to sell the product within the EU.

In addition, an ADR Certificate of Class 1 Classification – Explosives shall be assigned to each product. This certificate is issued by a certified notified body who has conducted fireworks tests. The fireworks article is hereby granted a registration number which shall be mentioned in the transport documents according to 5.4.1.2.1 ADR. According to this certificate, the article is classified under a certain UN number and its division and compatibility group.

The fireworks shall be properly packed according to ADR in packaging that meets the requirements of the provisions of ADR. Each packaging for dangerous goods shall have a UN Code of Approval where packaging requirements, packaging properties, labeling, the person

who tested the packaging and the validity of the permit are listed. 2.2.1.1.7.4 the classification shown in the table in 2.2.1.1.7.5 applies only for articles packed in fibreboard boxes (4G).



Source: Author

Fig. 1 – UN Code of packaging for fireworks

Where:

- UN The United Nations packaging symbol
- Y30 Y fo packing groups II and III, max. 30kg gross weight
- S the packaging is intended for the carriage of solids or inner packagings
- 15 year of manufacture
- SK state of manufacture
- XX/XXXX The name of the manufacturer or other identification of the packaging specified by the competent authority

2.2 Carriage of fireworks

Since the carriage of fireworks in Limited Quantities (LQ) and Excepted Quantities (EQ) is forbidden, the only way of fireworks carriage is standard carriage or the carriage of exemptions according to 1.1.3.6 of ADR.

2.2.1 Carriage modes

The carriage of exemptions related to quantities carried per transport unit is limited by the transport category, which is as follow for each UN number:

- UN0333, UN0334, UN0335 transport cat. 1 max. 20kg per transport unit;
- UN0336 transport cat. 2 max. 333kg per transport unit;
- UN0337, UN0454 transport cat. 4 unlimited amount per transport unit.

For class 1-explosives, "maximum total quantity per transport unit" means Net Explosive Content (NEC or NEQ), which is the sum of all explosive contents in each article. For example:

- Rockets, 2500 pcs, Gross weight 150g/pcs, NEC 64g/pcs;
- Total Gross weight 375kg, NEC 160kg.

Which means that while the gross weight is more than 333kg per transport unit, but the NEC is 160kg, so it can be transport as an exemption related to quantities carried per transport unit.

While carrying in a mode where NEC is more than the limiting quantity, all provisions of ADR (equipment, training, vehicles, etc.), as well as the limits for each Class as specified in 7.5.5.2 ADR shall be taken into account:

UN0334 UN0335 UN0336

| Transport Unit | Division | | 1.1 UN0333 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1 | .4 UN0337 UN 0454 | 1.5 and 1.6 | Empty uncleaned |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------|--------------------|--------|--------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | Compatibility group | 1.1A | Other than 1.1A | | | Other than 1.4S | 1.48 | | packagings |
| EX/II a | | 6.25 | 1 000 | 3 000 | 5 000 | 15 000 | Unlimited | 5 000 | Unlimited |
| EX/III a | | 18.75 | 16 000 | 16 000 | 16 000 | 16 000 | Unlimited | 16 000 | Unlimited |

Source: Author according to (2)

Fig. 2 – Limits for fireworks transport in standard transport mode

| 6 Signo a číslo 7 Počet balení Zelchen und Nr. 7 Anzahl der Kolli | 8 Druh obalu Art der Verpackung | 9 Označenie tovaru ⁿ Bezeichnung des Gutes | 10 Štatistické čís. Statistische Nr. | 11 Hr. hmotnost v kg Bttogewicht kg | 12 Objem m³ Umfang m |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| ADR 1.1.3.6 - Dopravná kat | egória 2 – Transpo | ort category 2 | | | |
| UN0336 OHŇOSTROJNÉ TI | LESÁ, 1.4G, (E) | | | gr. 375 kg | |
| UN0336 FIREWORKS, 1.4G, | (E) | | | NEC 160 kg | |
| 50 x Fibreboard boxes 4G | | | | | |

Source: Author according to (2)

Fig. 3 – Transport document of fireworks in exemptions 1.1.3.6 ADR in Slovak and English language

The transport of fireworks is only allowed by approved transport units marked as EX/II and EX/III with valid Certificate of Approval for Vehicles carrying certain Dangerous Goods.

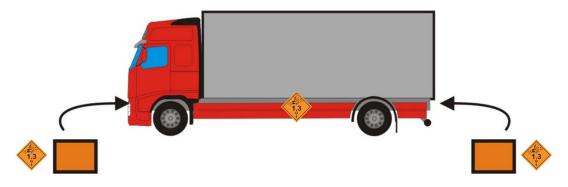
2.2.2 Placarding of vehicles

Chapter 5.3.1.1.2 ADR says:

For Class 1, compatibility groups shall not be indicated on placards if the vehicle, container
or special compartments of MEMUs are carrying substances or articles belonging to two or
more compatibility groups. Vehicles, containers or special compartments of MEMUs
carrying substances or articles of different divisions shall bear only placards conforming to
the model of the most dangerous division in the order:

• 1.1 (most dangerous), 1.5, 1.2, 1.3, 1.6, 1.4 (least dangerous).

For the consignor and the haulier, this means that if the vehicle is loaded with, for example, UN0335 (1.3G), UN0336 (1.4G) and UN0337 (1.4S), the vehicle will need to be labeled with the 1.3 safety label (according to 5.3.1.1.2 ADR) as shown in Fig. 4.



Source: Author

Fig. 4 – Vehicle carrying fireworks of different division of Class 1 Explosives

3. POSSIBILITIES OF THE AFFECT OF FIREWORKS TRANSPORT

The consignor is limited by regulations, laws and by the ADR agreement, but there are still many ways in which the consignor can affect the transportation of fireworks.

- Use of the exemption transport according to 1.1.3.6 ADR the sender can plan routes and deliveries to use exemption transport 1.1.3.6 ADR as much as possible.
- **Production of fireworks with lower NEC** the consignor, if it is also a manufacturer, may consider producing fireworks to contain a smaller amount of NEC, which may result in a less stringent classification (e.g., from 1.3G to 1.4G), which affects the above-mentioned exemption transport according to 1.1.3.6.
- Combining and consolidating shipments the shipper may consolidate the shipments (especially exemption transport), in order to use the space, while complying with the provisions of 1.1.3.6 of the ADR. This allows to carry multiple class transport, for example, UN0336, UN0337 and UN0454 together.
- Packaging redesign the consignor / manufacturer can make packaging adjustments (thickening walls, separators, fillers, additional plastic or steel coverage, etc.) and then ask to repeat the tests, which could result in lower class reclassification (e.g. 1.3G to 1.4G, 1.4G to 1.4S). The number of firework articles in one outer package can also be reduced. This could affect the price of the packaging, but also can reduce the price of a carriage.

CONCLUSION

This manuscript pointed out the complexity of the transport of fireworks in the Slovak Republic. Although the transportation of fireworks is rather seasonal and less frequent, its volume has increased in recent years. The shipper (or manufacturer and carrier) shall comply with a series of regulations, laws, restrictions and agreements in such shipments, but there are nevertheless several ways in which such shipments may be affected. The aim of this article was to outline some ways to influence the transportation of firework.

REFERENCES

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